

Example #5: Locating Vertical Curve Elevations

A crest vertical curve with a length of 400 ft connects grades +1.0% and -1.75%. The VPI station 35+00 and elevation 549.2 ft.

What are the elevations and stations of VPC & the VPT?

$$\text{VPI Elevation} = \text{VPC elev} + G_1 * L/2$$

$$\text{VPI Station} = \text{VPC station} + L/2$$

$$\text{VPC} = 549.20 - 0.01 * 400/2$$

$$\text{VPC elevation} = 547.20 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{VPC station} = 3500 - 400/2$$

$$\text{VPC station} = 33+00$$

$$\text{VPI Elevation} = \text{VPT elev} - G_2 * L/2$$

$$\text{VPT Station} = \text{VPC station} + L$$

$$\text{VPT} = 549.20 + (-0.0175) * 400/2$$

$$\text{VPT elevation} = 545.70 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{VPT station} = 3500 + 400/2$$

$$\text{VPT station} = 37+00$$

